

# Disclaimer

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## worldsteel - who we are

worldsteel represents steel producers, national and regional steel industry associations, and steel research institutes. Members represent around 85% of global steel production.

It has headquarters in Brussels, Belgium. A second office in Beijing, China, opened in April 2006. The World Steel Association (worldsteel) is a non-profit organisation.



## Presentation outline

- Where we are
- The way forward
- Enablers of transformation



### The scale of the challenge

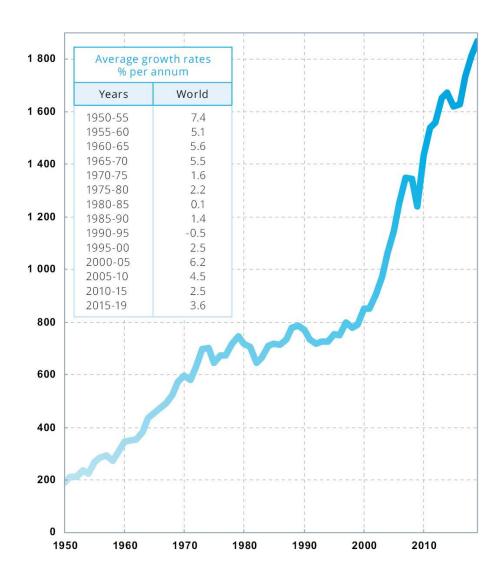
Reducing emissions in a world made of steel

In 2022 1.9 billion tonnes of crude steel were produced, an increase of 120% since 2000

In 2020, on average, every tonne of steel produced led to the emission of 1.9 tonnes of CO<sub>2</sub>.

In 2020, the total direct emissions were of the order of 2.6 billion tonnes, representing between 7% and 9% of global anthropogenic CO<sub>2</sub> emissions.

Steel use is expected to continue to grow, so BAU appears an increasingly unsustainable business model.

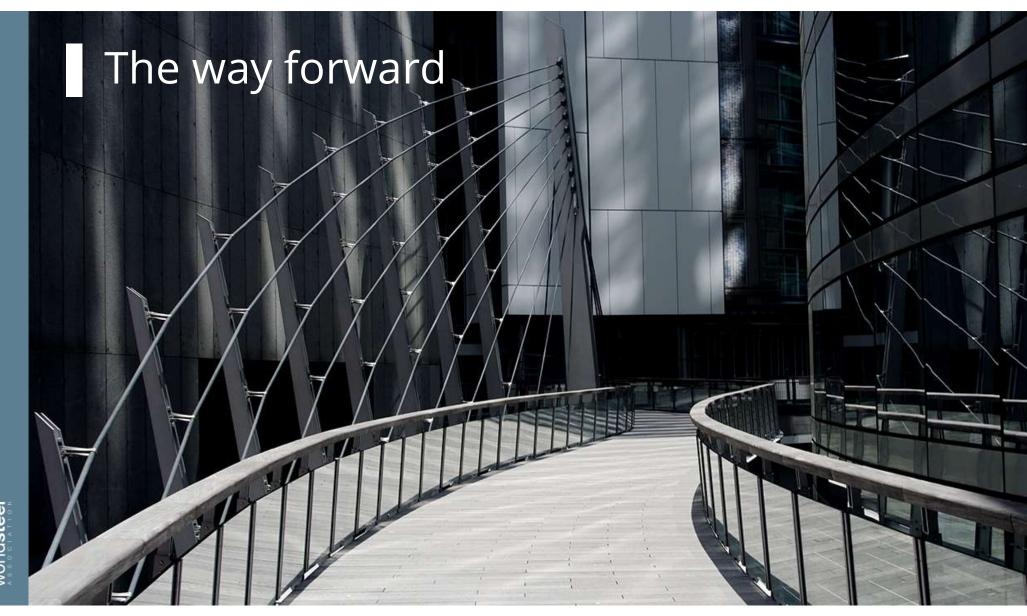


# Global CO<sub>2</sub> Indicator

Adapted from the worldsteel Sustainability Indicators 2022 report:

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021
Global indicator	1.75	1.82	1.8	1.87	1.87	1.83	1.81	1.85	1.89	1.91*
BF-BOF										2.32
Scrap-EAF										0.67
DRI-EAF										1.65





### We fully support the aims of the Paris Agreement

### We will....



Reduce our own impact



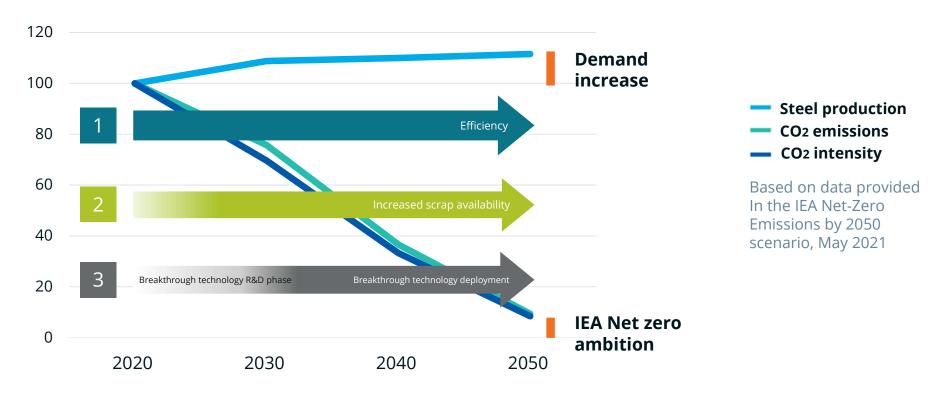
Promote
Efficiency and support the circular economy



Develop advanced steel products to enable societal transformations

# IEA scenarios and our approach

Steel production, total CO2 emissions and CO2 intensity 2020-2050 under the International Energy Agency (IEA) Net-Zero Emissions scenario (NZS)



# Breakthrough technology

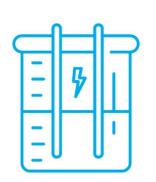
- All available scrap is recycled, but demand growth leads to insufficient scrap supply and continued need for virgin steel
- There are several promising approaches that could be taken to reduce iron ore at industrial scale without the release of CO<sub>2</sub>.
- These fall into three broad categories:



Using carbon as a reductant while preventing the emission of fossil CO<sub>2</sub>, e.g. using CCUS and/or sustainable biomass.



Substituting hydrogen for carbon as a reductant, generating H<sub>2</sub>O (water) rather than CO<sub>2</sub>.



Using electrical energy through an electrolysis-based process.

Simplified /combination?.

Which breakthrough solution to deploy will be determined by availability of resources and policy support.

# worldsteel

# A portfolio of options

Announcements are growing



#### Climate Action

ArcelorMittal inaugurates flagship carbon capture and utilisation project at its steel plant in Ghent, Belgium

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#### Climate Action

Baosteel Zhanjiang Iron & Steel Zero-Carbon Demonstration Plant Starts Construction of Million-ton Hydrogen-Based Shaft Furnace

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#### Climate Action

Vow ASA and ArcelorMittal join forces to build biogas plant in Luxembourg

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#### Climate Action

BlueScope and Shell join forces to develop renewable hydrogen projects in the Illawarra

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#### Climato Activ

Tenaris, Saipem and SIAD sign a MoU for the study of a carbon capture and utilization project in Dalmine, Italy

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#### Climate Action

voestalpine researching into hydrogen plasma for green steel production

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26 January 2023

#### Climate Action

Nippon Steel, Mitsubishi Corporation and ExxonMobil to Evaluate and Establish CCS Value Chains in the Asia Pacific Region

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#### Climate Action

U. S. Steel to Work with Equinor to Assess Hydrogen, Carbon Capture and Storage Development

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#### Climate Action

Tata Steel commissions India's first plant for CO2 capture from Blast Furnace gas at lamshedpur

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#### Climate Artic

POSCO, Samsung C&T, PIF Promote Green Hydrogen Production Project

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# Enablers of transition

### Policy as an enabler of change

- Supportive International and Domestic Policy
  - Supportive Trade Regime
  - Infrastructure planning and development

# Enablers of transition

### **Industry leadership**

- Standards and Methodologies
- Co-operation and partnerships
- Skills and knowledge

# Enablers of transition

### **Supportive ecosystem**

- Access to raw Materials & Energy
- Market pull, demand for low carbon materials
- Access to Finance

# We need first movers to succeed

- First movers are establishing ecosystems to enable low carbon steelmaking and we need them to succeed
- Learning from first of a kind installations will
  - support cost reductions
  - Provide confidence that transition is technically and economically feasible
- First movers will play a key role in showing what can be done and what is needed



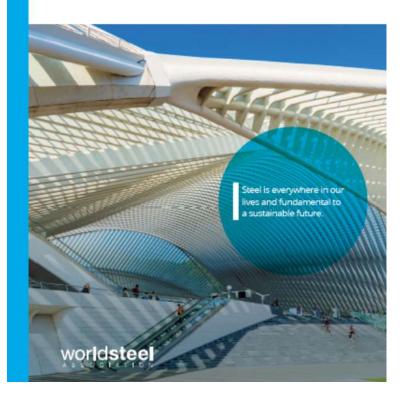


# worldsteel policy paper

Restructured and expanded public website content in the new <u>Climate Action section</u> includes the policy paper and:

- Fact sheets detailing the suite of low-carbon breakthrough technologies currently under development.
- Examples of member initiatives in related areas, including new business practices encouraging low-carbon market development
- Work being carried out by other international organisations including the IEA and ResponsibleSteel

Climate change and the production of iron and steel



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